Cold As Ice Endo Spray Safety Data Sheet

1. Company and Product

Company: Dental Creations, Ltd.

5015 Fort Ave.

Waco, TX 76710 USA

Company Contact: Customer Service

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Telephone Number: (254) 772-4661

Fax Number: (254) 772-3869

Product Name: Cold As Ice Endo Spray

Uses: Professional Dental Use Only –

Used for testing pulp vitality.

Web Site: www.wonderfill.com

24 Hour Emergency Number:

Outside US

1-855-350-3592 Account # 11635

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Physical Appearance: Clear, Colorless, Volatile Liquid

Immediate Concerns: Warning! High concentrations of vapor can reduce oxygen available for breathing. Harmful if inhaled. May decompose on contact with flames or extremely hot metal surfaces to produce toxic and corrosive products.

Potential Health Effects

Eyes: Liquid contact can cause irritation, which may be severe.

Skin: Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

Inhalation: High concentrations in immediate area can displace oxygen and can cause dizziness, unconsciousness, and possibly death with longer exposure. Keep people away from such vapors without self-contained breathing apparatus.

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure

Eyes: Can cause severe eye irritation.

Skin: Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold" burn).

Inhalation: High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and loss of consciousness).

Acute Toxicity: Overexposure may cause dizziness and loss of concentration. At higher levels, CNS depression and cardiac arrhythmia may result.

Chemical Name Wt% CAS EINECS 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane 100 811-97-2 212-337-0

4. First Aid Measures

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin: In case of cold burns (frostbite) caused by rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquids, get medical attention promptly.

Ingestion: Ingestion is unlikely because of the physical properties and is not expected to be hazardous. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by a physician.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Notes To Physician: Because of the possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, should be used with special caution and only in situations of emergency life support. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical conditions.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flashpoint and Method: Not Applicable

Flammable Limits: None

Auto ignition Temperature: >750° C (1382°F)

Flammable Class: Not Applicable

Flame Propagation Or Burning Rate Of Solids: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: As appropriate for combustibles in area.

Explosion Hazards: This product is not flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure. However, this material may become combustible when mixed with air under pressure and exposed to strong ignition sources.

Fire Fighting Procedures: Use water spray to cool containers.

Fire Fighting Equipment: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Comments: *Based on ASHRAE Standard 34 with match ignition.

6. Accidental Release Measures

General Procedures: Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. **Methods for Cleaning Up**: Spills and releases may have to be reported to Federal and/or local authorities.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Follow standard safety precautions for handling and use of compressed gas cylinders.

Storage: Store in a cool place in original container and protect from sunlight.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines

OSHA Hazardous Components (29 CFR1910.1200)							
	Exposure Limits						
	OSHA PEL		ACGIH TLV		Supplier OEL		
Chemical Name		ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3
						1,000	[1]
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	TWA	NE		NE		ppm [1]	
OSHA Table Comments:							

1. *(AEL)=Acceptable Exposure Limit as established by the manufacture

Engineering Controls: Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes and Face: Wear safety goggles with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin: Skin contact with liquid may cause frostbite. General work clothing and gloves (leather) should provide adequate protection. If prolonged contact with the liquid or gas is anticipated, insulated gloves constructed of PVA, neoprene or butyl rubber should be used. Any contaminated clothing should be promptly removed and washed before reuse.

Respiratory: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Chemical Name	Boiling Point (°C)	Freezing Point (°C)	Solubility in Water	Specific Gravity
1,1,1,2- Tetrafluoroethane	-26.4	-101	Negligible	1.21

Physical State: Gas

Odor: Faint ethereal odor

pH: Neutral

Percent Volatile: 100 at 20°C (68°F)

Vapor Pressure: 85.8 psi at 21.1°C (70°F)

Vapor Density: 3.5 (Air=1)

Boiling Point: -26.2°C (-15.1°F)

Freezing Point: -101 °C (-149.8°F)

Flashpoint and Method: Not Applicable

Solubility in Water: Negligible

Evaporation Rate: >1 (CCL4=1)

Specific Gravity: 1,220 (WATER=1) at 20°C (68°F)

Molecular Weight: 102

(VOC): g/L (non-exempt VOC)

Notes: Exempt

10. Stability and Reactivity

Hazardous Decomposition Products: When Stable: Yes

exposed to high temperatures or flames this product may form hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acids-

possibly carbonyl halides.

Incompatible Materials: Chemically active metals:

potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum,

magnesium and zinc.

Hazardous Polymerization: No

Stability: Stable Polymerization: Will not occur

Conditions to Avoid: Stable. However, may

decompose if heated.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute

Chemical Name	Inhalation LC50 (rat)		
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	>500000 ppm		

Inhalation LC50: >500000 ppm, 4-hour **Chronic:** Chronic NOEL-10,000 ppm

Sub chronic: Sub chronic inhalation (rat) NOEL-50,000 ppm

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	NTP	IARC	OSHA
	Status	Status	Status
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

Sensitization: Cardiac sensitization threshold (dog) 80,000 ppm. NOEL-50,000 ppm.

Teratogenic Effects: Teratogenic NOEL (rat and rabbit)-40,000 ppm.

Mutagenicity: Collective data indicate non-mutagenic.

12. Ecological Information

Environmental Data: Degradability (BOD): This material is a gas at room temperature; therefore, it is

unlikely to remain in water.

Distribution: Octanol Water Partition Coefficient: Log P=1.06

13. Disposal Considerations

General Comments: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane is a subject to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations, Section 608 in 40 CFR Part 82 regarding refrigerant recycling.

14. Transportation Information

Special Shipping Notes: Domestic Shipments use ORM-D label. For International shipments use 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, UN3159, 2.2; Pkg. Inst. 200.; Authorization: DOT-SP 10232. and ORM-D Label; **Note:** Copy of the Exemption is required with all International shipments.; HAZARD LABEL: Non-Flammable Gas.; ["LTD QTY of class 2" when <120ml (5oz)]

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT	ID8000	Consumer Commodity			ORM-D	DOT-SP 10232
ADR/RID Class	UN3159	1,1,1,2- TETRAFLUOROETHANE OR REFRIGERANT GAS R 134A	2	-	NON-FLAMMABLE GAS	Hazard identification number 20 Limited quantity LQ1 CEFIC Tremcard 20G2A
ADN/ADNR Class	UN3159	1,1,1,2- TETRAFLUOROETHANE OR REFRIGERANT GAS R 134A	2	-		-
IMDG Class	UN3159	1,1,1,2- TETRAFLUOROETHANE OR REFRIGERANT GAS R 134A	2.2	-	NON-FLAMMABLE GAS	-
IATA Class	UN3159	1,1,1,2- TETRAFLUOROETHANE OR REFRIGERANT GAS R 134A	2.2	-	NON-FLAMMABLE GAS	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation:75 kg Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg

15. Regulatory Information

United States

Sara Title III (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act)

311/312 Hazard Categories: Immediate/Pressure

Pressure Generating: Yes **Acute:** Yes

313 Reportable Ingredients: Not considered a SARA 313 "Toxic Chemical".

CERCLA (Comprehensive Response, Compensation and Liability Act)

CERCLA Regulatory: Releases to air, land or water which exceed the RQ must be reported to the National Response Center [(800)424-8802] and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act)

Chemical Name	CAS
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	811-97-2

TSCA Regulatory: This product is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act

Chemical Name	Wt. %	CAS	
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	100	811-97-2	

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the Sate of California to cause cancer.

Canada

WHMIS Class: Class A, Class D2B

Domestic Substance List (Inventory): All components of this product are listed on the Canadian DSL.

European Community

EEC Label Symbol and Classification: Currently not classified according to EEC Directives.

General Comments: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane is subject to U.S. Environmental Agency Clean Air Act Regulations, (40 CFR Part 82).

16. Other Information

HMIS Rating

HEALTH	1
FLAMMABILITY	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
Special Provisions	-

Data Sources: Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) The Sigma-Aldrich Library of Regulatory and Safety Data OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29CFR1910.1200) Various Federal, State and Local Regulations.

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