SAFETY DATA SHEET

SILANE

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: SILANE
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Dental Restoration/Surface Treatment
Area of application	: Professional applications.
Manufacturer	: Pentron Clinical 1717 West Collins Avenue Orange, CA 92867-5422 Telephone no.: 1-203-265-7397, Toll Free: 1-800-551-0283
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: edwin.varela@kavokerrgroup.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC® (24 hours) U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 00017

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
3-trimethoxysilylpropyl methacrylate	methanol 3-trimethoxysilylpropyl methacrylate	60 - 100 1 - 5	67-56-1 2530-85-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important sympt	roms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	n effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Toxic if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Skin contact	: Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	 Toxic if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate mee	dica	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	<u>e equipment</u>	t and emergency proc	<u>edures</u>			
For non-emergency personnel	:	Evacuate su entering. Do No flares, sr adequate ve	irrounding areas. Keep o not touch or walk thro moking or flames in haz	ny personal risk or without unnecessary and unprote ugh spilled material. Shut ard area. Do not breathe riate respirator when venti equipment.	cted perso off all igni vapor or n	onnel from ition source nist. Provid	es. de
For emergency responders	:		on suitable and unsuita	deal with the spillage, tak ble materials. See also th			
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	and	bid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains d sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental lution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	<u>ntainn</u>	nent and cleaning up
Small spill	exp or i	p leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and plosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, f water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste posal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	exp wat pla abs cor lice sar	pp leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and plosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, ter courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment nt or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, sorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in ntainer for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a ensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the ne hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact prmation and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 25°C (39.2 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

-	Expos	ure limits
methanol	Absor	TLV (United States, 6/2013). bed through skin. 200 ppm 8 hours.
		262 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
		$: 328 \text{ mg/m}^3 15 \text{ minutes}.$
		PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
		bed through skin.
	STEL	: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
		: 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		200 ppm 8 hours.
		260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		REL (United States, 10/2013).
		bed through skin.
		200 ppm 10 hours.
		260 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		: 250 ppm 15 minutes. : 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
		PEL (United States, 2/2013).
		bed through skin.
		200 ppm 8 hours.
		260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
invironmental exposure ontrols	 ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equi they comply with the requirements of environme cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering mo will be necessary to reduce emissions to accept 	ntal protection legislation. In some odifications to the process equipment
ndividual protection meas	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly afte eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at th Appropriate techniques should be used to remov Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Er showers are close to the workstation location.	e end of the working period. ve potentially contaminated clothing.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved star assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the follow the assessment indicates a higher degree of pro-	exposure to liquid splashes, mists,
Skin protection		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

-	
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Clear.
Odor	:	Alcohol-like.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	65°C (149°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 12°C (53.6°F)
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	1.11 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	0.8 gm/cc
Solubility	1	Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	470°C (878°F)
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Physical/chemical	1	Organic solvents: ≥90%
properties comments		Content of solids: ≤0.1%

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from heat. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing materials and moisture.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
3-trimethoxysilylpropyl methacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	23504 mg/kg	-

10993-5.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
-trimethoxysilylpropyl nethacrylate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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SILANE				
Section 11. Toxic	ological informa	ation		
Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
methanol		Category 1 Category 3	Not determined Not applicable.	central nervous system (CNS) and optic nerve Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxic Not available.	<u>ity (repeated exposure)</u>			
Aspiration hazard Not available.				
nformation on the likely outes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticip	pated: Oral, Dermal, In	halation.	
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye ir	ritation.		
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. Can drowsiness and dizzin		system (CNS) depres	ssion. May cause
Skin contact	: Toxic in contact with s		-	
Ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. C mouth, throat and stor	an cause central nervo mach.	ous system (CNS) dep	pression. Irritating to
Symptoms related to the ph	nysical, chemical and toxi	cological characteris	<u>tics</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms m pain or irritation watering redness	ay include the following	g:	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms m nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal death skeletal malformation	าร	g:	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms m irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal death skeletal malformation	าร	g:	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms m reduced fetal weight increase in fetal death skeletal malformation	IS	g:	

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

		5
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	1	May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

	Acute	toxicity	v estimates
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Route	ATE value
Dermal	101 mg/kg 303 mg/kg 3.03 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
methanol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow		BCF		Potential		
methanol 3-trimethoxysilylpropyl methacrylate	-0.77 2.1		<10 -		low low		
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Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	:	Not available.
coefficient (Koc)		

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the
	requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
	Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.
	Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Methanol (I); Methyl alcohol (I)	67-56-1	Listed	U154

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1230	UN1230	UN1230
UN proper shipping name	Methanol RQ (methanol)	METHANOL	Methanol
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)
Packing group	II	11	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 5050.3 lbs / 2292.8 kg [757.13 gal / 2866 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, S-D Special provisions 279	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: 352 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 364 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: Y341

SILANE				
Section 14. Transport information				
Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L <u>Special provisions</u> IB2, T7, TP2	<u>Special provisions</u> A104, A113			

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	1	Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL		
73/78 and the IBC Code		

Section 15. Regulatory information

U								
U.S. Federal regulations	:	United \$	States invent	ory (TSC	A 8b): All com	ponents are lis	sted or exemp	ted.
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed						
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not liste	d					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not liste	d					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not liste	d					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not liste	d					
SARA 302/304								
Composition/information	on	<u>ingredie</u>	<u>nts</u>					
No products were found.								
SARA 304 RQ	:	Not app	licable.					
SARA 311/312								
Classification	:		ard ate (acute) hea (chronic) hea					
Composition/information on ingredients								
Name			%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard

SARA 313

methanol

3-trimethoxysilylpropyl methacrylate

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No.

No.

No.

No.

Yes.

Yes.

Yes.

No.

60 - 100

1 - 5

Yes.

No.

Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	methanol	67-56-1	60 - 100
Supplier notification	methanol	67-56-1	60 - 100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: METHANOL

New York

: The following components are listed: Methanol

- New Jersey : The following components are listed: METHYL ALCOHOL; METHANOL
- Pennsylvania
- : The following components are listed: METHANOL

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
methanol	No.	Yes.	No.	23000 μg/day (ingestion) 47000 μg/day (inhalation)

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 07/24/2014
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: IHS
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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