# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Version 1

# **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

<u>Product Identifier</u> Product Name	Teets Cold Cure Denture Material Liquid Methyl Methacrylate Monomer-Stabilized	
Other Means of Identification SDS #	COI-001	
UN/ID No Synonyms	UN1247 TEETS Cold Cure Denture Material Liquid Self Curing Denture Material Liquid Methacrylate Monomer	
Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use   Recommended Use Fabrication of dentures.		
Details of the Supplier of the Safety Supplier Address Co-Oral-Ite Dental Mfg. Co. 6635 Merchandise Way Diamond Springs, CA 95619	Data Sheet	
<u>Emergency Telephone Number</u> Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone	530-621-4913 INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International) 1-800-535-5053 (North America)	
	2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION	

## **Classification**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Flammable liquids	Category 2

#### Signal Word Warning

# Hazard Statements

Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness Highly flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance Clear mobile liquid

Physical State Liquid

Odor Characteristic Strong Acrid

#### Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Keep cool Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

### Precautionary Statements - Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Get medical attention if irritation occurs IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

#### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Store locked up

### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

## Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

May be harmful in contact with skin

#### **Other Hazards**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects Harmful to aquatic life

# **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Synonyms

TEETS Cold Cure Denture Material Liquid Self Curing Denture Material Liquid Methacrylate Monomer.

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	>98

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center.

#### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms	May cause skin irritation with redness and swelling. Eyes may have symptoms of redness, itching, irritation and watering from overexposure. May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Prolonged breathing of vapors may cause nausea, headache, weakness and/or dizziness. Temporary sensory nervous system effects such as coldness or numbness of the extremities can occur, as well as abnormal kidney function tests and temporary elevation of blood pressure.

## Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

**Note to Physicians** Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Foam. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Sealed containers exposed to elevated temperatures may rupture explosively due to polymerization. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along ground to ignition sources and flash back. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Sealed containers may rupture when heated.

## Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon oxides.

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal Precautions. Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Personal Precautions	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).
	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate affected area. Wear self-contained breathing
	apparatus (SCBA).

**Environmental Precautions** Prevent product from entering drains.

#### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Cleaning Up Take up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on Safe Handling Conditions for Safe Storage. Includ	Wash face, hands, and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Observe precautions found on the label. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Store away from heat, sparks, flame. Protect from direct sunlight. Maintain air space inside storage containers.
Packaging Materials	Keep in original container. Material is a strong solvent and can soften paints and rubber.

# Incompatible Materials Oxidizing agents. Reducing agent.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Methyl methacrylate	STEL: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 410	IDLH: 1000 ppm
80-62-6	TWA: 50 ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA:	TWA: 100 ppm
		100 ppm	TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	_

## Appropriate Engineering Controls

**Engineering Controls** Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

# Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection	Safety glasses. Use chemical safety goggles and/or full-face shield where splashing is possible.
Skin and Body Protection	Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Nitrile rubber is better than PVC.
Respiratory Protection	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. A NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge may be necessary under circumstances where concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Appearance	Liquid Clear mobile liquid	Odor	Characteristic Strong
Color	Clear	Odor Threshold	Acrid 0.5-1.0 ppm

<u>Property</u> pH	<u>Values</u> Not determined	Remarks • Method
Melting Point/Freezing Point Boiling Point/Boiling Range	-48 °C / 54.4 °F 100.5 °C / 212.9 °F	(at 760 mm Hg)
Flash Point Evaporation Rate	11.5 °C / 52.7 °F Not determined	
Flammability (Solid, Gas) Upper Flammability Limits	n/a-liquid 12.5%	
Lower Flammability Limit Vapor Pressure	2.1% 28 mm Hg	@ 20°C (68°F)
Vapor Density	3.5	(Air=1) @ 15.5°C
Specific Gravity Water Solubility	Not determined 1.6%	@20°C
Solubility in Other Solvents Partition Coefficient Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Kinematic Viscosity Dynamic Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	Not determined 1.38 421 °C / 790 °F Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined	
Density	0.949 g/mL @ 20°C	

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

#### **Chemical Stability**

Unstable with heat.

#### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

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Hazardous Polymerization
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Hazardous polymerization may occur. Conditions to avoid for hazardous polymerization: Excessive heat, storage in absence of inhibitor, inadvertent addition of catalyst. Contamination of product may also cause hazardous polymerization.

#### Conditions to Avoid

Keep out of reach of children.

#### Incompatible Materials

Oxidizing agents. Reducing agent.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Decomposes with heat. Hazardous gases and vapors produced are carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and smoke.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on Likely Route Product Information	es of Exposure
Eye Contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Contact	Causes skin irritation. May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause allergic skin reaction.
Inhalation	Avoid breathing vapors or mists.
Ingestion	Do not taste or swallow.

## Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Methyl methacrylate	= 7872 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	= 4632 ppm (Rat) 4 h = 400 ppm
80-62-6			( Rat ) 1 h

#### Information on Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Effects

Symptoms
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Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

#### Delayed and Immediate Effects as well as Chronic Effects from Short and Long-term Exposure

Carcinogenicity

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Methyl methacrylate		Group 3		
80-62-6				

Legend

, IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens"

STOT - Single Exposure May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Numerical Measures of Toxicity

Not determined

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Ecotoxicity**

Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6	170: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	243 - 275: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow- through 125.5 - 190.7: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 170 - 206: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 flow-through 153.9 - 341.8: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 79: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 79: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 326.4 - 426.9: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static		69: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

## Persistence and Degradability

Not readily biodegradable Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD): 88% (28 days) Inherent Biodegradation: Dissolved Organic Carbon Removal (DOC Removal): >95% (28 days)

#### **Bioaccumulation**

Not determined

# <u>Mobility</u>

Potential for mobility in soil is very high

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Methyl methacrylate	0.7
80-62-6	

## **Other Adverse Effects**

Not determined

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and
	regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Do not reuse container. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Methyl methacrylate	U162	Included in waste stream:		U162
80-62-6		F039		

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status	
Methyl methacrylate	Toxic	
80-62-6	Ignitable	

# **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including
exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT	
UN/ID No	UN1247
Proper Shipping Name	Methyl methacrylate monomer, stabilized
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
Reportable Quantity (RQ)	1000 lbs
IATA_ UN/ID No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN1247 Methyl methacrylate monomer, stabilized 3 II
<u>IMDG</u> UN/ID No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN1247 Methyl methacrylate monomer, stabilized 3 II

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## International Inventories

Not Determined

#### Legend:

Note

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

## US Federal Regulations

# **CERCLA**

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Methyl methacrylate	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ
80-62-6			RQ 454 kg final RQ

## SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	Yes

## SARA 313

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SAR A 313 - Threshold Values %
Methyl methacrylate - 80-62-6	80-62-6	>98	1.0

## CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6 ( >98 )	1000 lb			Х

## US State Regulations

#### U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Methyl methacrylate	Х	X	Х
80-62-6			

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

<u>NFPA</u> HMIS	Health Hazards 2 Health Hazards 2	Flammability 3 Flammability 3	Instability 2 Physical Hazards 2	Special Hazards Not determined Personal Protection Not determined
Issue Date Revision Date Revision Note	13-Apr-2011 10-May-2013 New format			

# **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

#### End of Safety Data Sheet