

#### Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D SELF CURE DENTAL ACRYLIC Page 1 of 5

Section I - Product	and Company	<b>Identification</b>				
Product Name:	DIAMOND I	) SELF CURE DENTAL A	CRYLIC	MSDS#:	NKP09080 DDP	03-
Chemical Name:	N/A	MSDS Approv Date:	ral 09/10/2003	8 MSDS Pre	pared by:	BSQ
Family: Acrylic Polymer		L KEYSTONE	Hill NI 08002			
Product Use: Dental Poly						

Information Contacts: (856) 663-4700

## Section II - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Identity	CAS Numbers	EINECS#	INCI Name (or other substance name)	Exposure	Limits	Carcinogen	%
				<b>OSHA</b> TWA/STEL	ACGIH TWA/STEL	IARC/NTP/OSHA	
Diethyl Phthalate	84-66-2	201-550-6	Diethyl phthalate	5 mg/m3	5 mg/m3	Not Listed	<1
Titanium Dioxide	13453-67-7	236-675-5	CI77891	15 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Listed	<1
Dibenzoyl Peroxide	94-36-0	202-327-6	Benzoyl Peroxide	5 mg/m3	5 mg/m3	3/no/no	< 0.2
N/E - None Established N/R - Not Reviewed	N/DA - No Data Ava N/A - Not Applicab						
Hazard Symbols: Xi			This product is not con	sidered hazardous	by OSHA Haza	rd Communication Sta	ındard.

his product is not considered hazardous by OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

Risk Phrases: R36/37/38

Safety Phrases: S18, S22, S24/25, S38

## Section III - Hazards Identification

## EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

This information is based on findings from related or similar materials.

- May cause allergic skin reaction. •
- May cause eye irritation. •
- Dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs.
- This product may contain particulates, not otherwise classified (Nuisance Dust)

#### **Potential Health Effects, Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:**

Primary Route of Entry Eyes or skin (No absorption); inhalation of dust.

	Eye	Higher concentration can irritate eyes. May cause eye irritation or damage.
ļ	Skin	Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause allergic skin rashes.
	Ingestion	Higher concentration can irritate respiratory system.
	Inhalation	Possible temporary discomfort due to inhalation of dust concentration above the permissible exposure limit. Dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs.
	Sub-Chronic Effects	Effects of Acute and Chronic Over Exposure: It is not known to cause significant health problems. It is considered an inert or nuisance dust. Avoid inhalation of dust. Keep dust out of eyes to prevent possible irritation.
	NOTE: Refer to Section 11	Toxicological Information for Details

NOTE: Refer to Section 11, Toxicological Information for Details

#### Section IV - First Aid Measures

First Aid for Eye	Flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid if symptoms persist.
First Aid for Skin	Wash throughly with soap and water. Obtain medical aid if discomfort persists.
First Aid for Inhalation	In case of exposure to a high concentration of polymer dust, remove person to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration and seek medical attention.



# Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D SELF CURE DENTAL ACRYLIC Page 2 of 5

First Aid for Ingestion

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medial aid. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink 2 to 4 cupfuls of milk or water.

#### Section V - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point	Flammable Limit	Auto-ignition Temperature
(° <b>F</b> /° <b>C</b> )	(vol%)	(vol%)
572°F/304°C (Tag Closed Cup)	LEL: 20 g/m <sup>3</sup> (dust cloud)	N/E
	UEL: N.A.	

Michiou.	
Extinguishing Media:	Water spray, water foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.
Fire Fighting	Avoid extinguishing methods that generate dust clouds. Water streams can disperse dust into
Instructions:	air, producing a fire hazard and possible explosion hazard. Fire-fighters should wear self -
	contained breathing apparatus.
Unusual Hazards:	Polymer dust is combustible but not easily ignited. The explosive limits of the polymer particles
	suspended in air are approximately those of coal dust.

#### Section VI - Accidental Release Measures

Spill or Release Sweep up to avoid slipping hazard. Keep airborne particulates at a minimum when cleaning up spills. Procedures

### Section VII - Handling and Storage

Handling Observe precautions found on the label. Wash face and hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid contamination. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Storage Store in cool, dry place away from heat, sparks, flame and direct sunlight. Close container after each use. Ground all metal containers when transferring. Use explosion-proof equipment Store away from combustibles and incompatible materials.

Explosion Hazard Polymer dust is combustible, explosive limits of the polymer particles suspended in air are approximately those of coal dust.

## Section VIII - Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Engineering Controls Use good local exhaust at processing equipment, including buffers, sanders, grinders and polishers. High temperature processing equipment should be well ventilated. Use explosion-proof equipment.Provide ventilation if necessary to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

General	Dust collectors are recommended for handling powder in bulk. To identify additional Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) requirements, it is recommended that a hazard assessment in accordance with the OSHA PPE Standard (29CFR1910.132), or European Standard EN166 be conducted before using this product. Provide eye wash stations and safety showers.
Eye/ Face Protection	Use safety glasses and have eye flushing equipment immediately available.
Skin Protection	Minimize contamination by following good industrial practice. Although waering gloves is an option, wearing nitrile, neoprene, pvc, latex or other impermeable gloves is recommended.
Respiratory Protection	A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with a minimum rating of N95 may be permissible under certain limited circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exsposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Wear a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved full-facepeice airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with



#### Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D SELF CURE DENTAL ACRYLIC Page 3 of 5

emergency escape provisions. Follow OSHA repsirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or Eurpean Standard EN 149.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):

Strong oxidizing agents **Hazardous Polymerization:** 

will not occur

#### Section IX - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	0	Odor & Odor Threshold			Odor & Odor Threshold PH Specific Gravit		c Gravity	ity Viscosity		% Volatile		
Clear, pink, or reddish- pink free flowing powder		ulk. N/A		N/A			N/A		0.0			
Boiling Point/ Freezing Point	Decomposi Temperatu		Octano Partitio Coeffic Log Po/	ient	Vapor Pressure:		apor ensity	Evapor: Rate	ation	Ignition	n	Solubility In Water (20°C)
N/A	392°F/200°C	С	N/A		N/A	N/.	A	N/A		N/A		insoluble
Flash Point (°F/°C)			Flammabl (vol%		t			Auto-igniti (	ion Tem (vol%)	perature		
580°F/304	°C (Tag Closed	d Cup)			LEL: 20 g/m <sup>3</sup>	dust cl	oud)				N/E	

UEL: N.A.

# Section X - Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable **Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Methyl methacrylate monomers and Carbon Dioxide **Conditions to Avoid:** Heating above 200°C/392°F

## Section XI - Toxicological Information

Acute Oral Toxicity	Acute Dermal Toxicity		y Acute Inhalation Toxicity Irrit		itation - skin	Irritation - Eye
N/DA	N/DA		N/DA	mild		mild
Sensitization			Mutagenicity		Sub-chronic Toxicity	
N/DA			None			None

### Section XII - Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicological Information** 

Acute Toxicity to Fish	Acute Toxicity to Invertebrates	Acute Toxicity to Algae	Bioconcentration	Toxicity to Sewage Bacteria
N/DA	N/DA	N/DA	N/DA	N/DA

#### **Chemical Fate Information**

Biodegradability	N/DA
Chemical Oxygen Demand	N/DA

### Section XIII - Disposable Considerations

May be disposed of in a landfill or incinerated. Follow Federal, State and Local regulations for disposal.

#### Section XIV - Transport Information

DOT (49 CFR 172)	
Proper Shipping Name:	Non-Regulated Material
Identification Number:	N/A
Marine Pollutant:	No



# Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D SELF CURE DENTAL ACRYLIC Page 4 of 5

Special Provisions:	N/A
Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG) #:	N/A
IATA (DGR):	
Proper Shipping Name:	Non-Regulated Material
Class or Division:	N/A
UN or ID Number:	N/A
Packaging Instructions:	
Emergency Response Guidance (ICAO)#:	
IMO (IMDG):	
Proper Shipping Name:	Non-Regulated Material
Class or Division:	N/A
UN or ID Number:	N/A
Special Provisions & Stowage/Segregation:	None
Emergency Schedule (EmS)#:	
Other Information:	Flash point > 100°C

# Section XV - Regulatory Information

#### **US Federal Regulations**

Clean Air Act: HAP/ODS	This product contains the following hazardous air pollutants (HAP's) or ozone dipleting substances (ODS's), as defined by the U. S. Clean Air Act: <ul> <li>NONE</li> </ul>
Clean Water Act: Priority Pollutant	<ul> <li>This product contains the following chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act</li> <li>Priority Pollutant List: <ul> <li>Diethyl phthalate, CAS# 84-66-2</li> </ul> </li> <li>None of the chemicals are listed as a Toxic Pollutant under the CWA.</li> </ul>
FDA: Food Packaging Status	This product has not been cleared by the FDA for use in food packaging and/ or other applications as an indirect food additive.
Occupational Safety and Health Act	This product is not considered a hazardous chemical under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
RCRA	<ul> <li>This product contains the following chemicals considered to be hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261):</li> <li>Diethyl phthalate, CAS# 84-66-2, RCRA Code: U088</li> </ul>
SARA Title III: Section 302	This product contains the following chemicals regulated under Sec. 302 as extremely hazardous substances: • Diethyl phthalate, CAS#: 84-66-2, RQ= 1000 lbs. (454 kg)
SARA Title III: Section 304	This product contains no chemicals regulated under Sec. 304 as extremely hazardous chemicals for emergency release notification ("CERCLA" List).
SARA Title III: Section 311-312:	This product does not contain hazardous substances under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, and is not regulated under Section 311-312 (40 CFR 370).
SARA Title III: Section 313:	<ul> <li>This product contains the following chemicals outlined in SARA Title III: Section 313:</li> <li>Benzoyl Peroxide CAS #94-36-0.</li> </ul>
TSCA Section 8(b): Inventory:	This product contains chemicals listed on the TSCA inventory or otherwise complies with TSCA premanufacture notification requirements.

#### **State Regulations**

CA Right-to-Know Law:	Benzoyl Peroxide CAS #94-36-0, Diethyl phthalate CAS# 84-66-2
MA Right-to-Know Law:	Benzoyl Peroxide CAS #94-36-0, Diethyl phthalate CAS# 84-66-2
NJ Right-to-Know Law:	Benzoyl Peroxide CAS #94-36-0, Diethyl phthalate CAS# 84-66-2
PA Right-to-Know Law:	Benzoyl Peroxide CAS #94-36-0, Diethyl phthalate CAS# 84-66-2



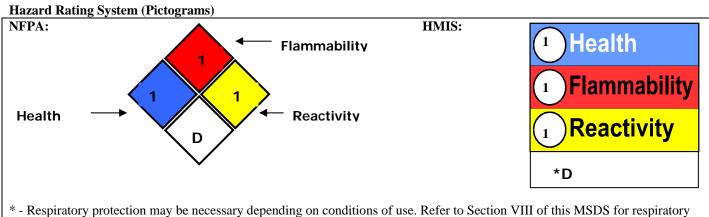
#### Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D SELF CURE DENTAL ACRYLIC Page 5 of 5

FL Right-to-Know Law:	Benzoyl Peroxide CAS #94-36-0, Diethyl phthalate CAS# 84-66-2
MN Right-to-Know Law:	Benzoyl Peroxide CAS #94-36-0, Diethyl phthalate CAS# 84-66-2

### **International Regulations**

CDSL: Canadian Inventory (on Canadian Transitional List)	Benzoyl Peroxide, CAS# 94-36-0 is on the DSL list. WHMIS = C, D2B, B4 Diethyl phthalate, CAS# 84-66-2 is on the DSL list, WHMIS = n/da Titanium dioxide, CAS# 13463-67-7 is not on the DSL list.
EINECS: European Inventory:	<ul> <li>Diamond D Self Cure Dental Acrylic:</li> <li>HAZARD SYMBOLS: Xi: Irritant</li> <li>RISK PHRASES: R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin</li> <li>SAFETY PHRASES: S18: Handle and open container with care, S22: do not breath dust, S24/25: avoid contact with skin and eyes, S38: in case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.</li> </ul>

# Section XVI - Other Information



protection guidelines.

#### **Approval Date: 9/08/2003 Supersedes Date: Initial Issue**

$15 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (total dust)

 $5 \text{ mg/m}^3$  (respirable dust)  $10 \text{ mg/m}^3$ 

ACGIH PEL for nuisance dust:

Product Number -	
Revised Sections since Last Version:	Initial Issue
	1/21/2010 Section IX updated appearance as MSDS covers various colors SWR

The information presented herein was obtained from sources considered to be reliable. However, this information is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or suitability for consumers intended use and/or application. For this and other reasons, we assume no responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product. This MSDS was prepared expressly for this product. Use the materials only as directed. If the product is used as a component of another product, the information contained within the MSDS may not be applicable. If one could have any concerns with or problems understanding this MSDS form, please direct all questions to INFOTRAC, Chemical Emergency Resources System at 1(800) 535-5053.



# Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D SELF CURE MONOMER Page 1 of 6

## Section I - Product and Company Identification

Product Name:	DIAMOND	D SELF CURE MONOMER			КМ090803- ОМ
Chemical Name:	NA	MSDS Approval Date:	9/10/2003	MSDS Prepare by	d BSQ
Fomily, Aprilia Mono			aturan Kavatana I	-	

Family: Acrylic Monomers

Product Use: Dental Monomer

Formula: Proprietary Formulation

Manufacturer: Keystone Industries

616 Hollywood Ave, Cherry Hill, NJ 08002 Emergency Phone Numbers: (800) 535-5053 Information Contacts: (856) 663-4700

### Section II – Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Identity	CAS Numbers	EINECS#	INCI Name	Exposure Limits		Carcinogen	%
				<b>OSHA</b> TWA/STEL	ACGIH TWA/STEL	IARC/NTP/OSHA	
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	201-297-1	Methyl methacrylate	100 ppm	50 ppm/100 ppm	Group 3/no/no	>90
Ethylene Glycol Dimethacrylate	97-90-5	202-617-2	N/DA	N/E	N/E	Not Listed	<10
Inhibitor (MEHQ)	150-76-5	205-769-8	p-Hydroxyanisole	N/E	$5 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Not Listed	<1
N/E - None Established	N/DA - No Data						
N/R - Not Reviewed	N/A - Not Applic	able					

Hazard Symbols: Xi F

**Risk Phrases:** R11, R36/37/38, R43

Safety Phrases: S9, S16, S29, S33, S36/37/39, S45

### Section III - Hazards Identification

## **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

This	inform	ation i	s hased	on	findings	from	related	or si	imilar	materials.

•	Danger! Flammable liquid and vapor.	•	May cause allergic skin reaction.
•	Known Sensitizer.	•	Light and Air sensitive.
•	May cause eye irritation.	•	Target Organs: Kidneys, central nervous system, liver.
٠	May cause respiratory tract irritation.	•	

## Potential Health Effects, Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

Primary Route of Entry Eye	Inhalation, skin, eyes Vapor concentrations may cause irritation of eyes. Liquid contact with eyes can cause irritation and possible corneal damage.
Skin	Liquid concentration may cause severe skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause allergic skin rashes, itching and swelling which becomes evident on re-exposure to this product.
Ingestion	May cause central nervous system depression, kidney damage, and liver damage. May cause irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat, respiratory tract, and abdominal pain.
Inhalation	High vapor concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Prolonged exposure can lead to headaches, nausea, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and coma.
Sub-Chronic Effects	Prolonged or repated skin contact may cause sensitization dermatitis and possible destruction and/or ulceration. May cause reproductive and fetal effects. Repeated exposure may cause tingling in the extremitites and other nervous system abnormalities.
NOTE: Refer to Section 1	1, Toxicological Information for Details

## Section IV - First Aid Measures

First Aid for Eye

Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical help if discomfort persists.



# Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D SELF CURE MONOMER Page 2 of 6

First Aid for Skin	Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical help if discomfort persists. Wash clothing before use.
First Aid for Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If having breathing difficulty, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical help if discomfort persists.
First Aid for Ingestion	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medial aid. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink 2 to 4 cupfuls of milk or water.

### Section V - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point	Flammable Limit	Auto-ignition Temperature
(°F/°C)	(vol%)	(vol%)
Tag Closed Cup: 68°F/20°C	LEL: 2.0% UEL: 12.5%	790°F/421°C

Method:	
Extinguishing Media:	Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical.
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Water may be ineffective unless used as a fine spray or fog. Use water spray to cool the exposed containers of methacrylate monomer.
Unusual Hazards:	Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Avoid ignition sources or excessive temperatures .Heat can induce polymerization with rapid release of energy. Closed containers may rupture explosively. Spontaneous polymerization may occur on prolonged aging.

## Section VI - Accidental Release Measures

#### Spill or Release Procedures

Eliminate all sources of heat and ignition. Use absorbent material for spills and dike it, wash spill material into retaining containers. Place containers in a well ventilated area. Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as sawdust. Do not flush to sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors, to protect personnel attempting to stop leak, and to flush spills away from exposures.

## Section VII - Handling and Storage

StorageStore in a cool, dry area. Keep container closed when not in use. Store at ambient temperatures out of direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place. Store in accordance with National Fire Protection Association recommendations. Maintain air space inside storage containers. Inhibitor requires air (oxygen) contact to function. Check inhibitor levels after 3 months and return to original level.Explosion HazardAvoid ignition sources or excessive temperatures. Heat can induce polymerization with rapid release of energy. Closed containers may rupture explosively. Spontaneous polymerization may occur on prolonged aging.	Handling	Keep away from heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Ground all metal containers when transferring and use explosion-proof equipment. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after the container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Wash thoroughly after handling.
release of energy. Closed containers may rupture explosively. Spontaneous polymerization may occur	Storage	out of direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place. Store in accordance with National Fire Protection Association recommendations. Maintain air space inside storage containers. Inhibitor requires air (oxygen) contact to function. Check inhibitor levels after 3 months and return to original
	Explosion Hazard	release of energy. Closed containers may rupture explosively. Spontaneous polymerization may occur

#### Section VIII - Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Engineering Controls Facilities storing or ultilizing this material should be equipped with an eye facility and safety shower. Use process enclosures local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels



#### Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D SELF CURE MONOMER Page 3 of 6

below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Methyl methacrylate: IDLH = 1000 ppm via NIOSH standards.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

General	To identify additional Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) requirements, it is recommended that a hazard assessment in accordance with the OSHA PPE Standard (29CFR1910.132), or European Standard EN166 be conducted before using this product. Provide eye wash stations and safety showers. Wear impervious clothing to prevent ANY contact with this product, such as gloves, apron, boots, or whole body suit. Nitrile rubber is better than PVC.
Eye/ Face Protection	Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye and face contact due to splashing or spraying material.
Skin Protection	Use impermeable clothing to prevent ANY contact with this product, such as gloves, apron, boots, or whole body suit. Nitrile rubber is better than PVC.
Respiratory Protection	A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain limited circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exsposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Wear a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved full-facepeice airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. Follow OSHA repsirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

### Section IX - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearan	ce Odo	Odor & Odor Threshold Characteristic strong, acrid odor		Specific	Gravity	Viscosity		% Volatile
Clear, colorless l	iquid Char			(H20=1	1): 0.94	N/DA, mPas @ 20°C	)	W/W %: 99+
Boiling Point/ Freezing Point	Decomposition Temperature	Octanol/Water Partitioning Coefficient Log Po/w	Vapor Pressure:	Vapor Density	-	oration ate	Ignition	Solubility In Water (20°C)
214°F/101°C N/DA	N/A	N/DA	mm Hg : 29 @ 25°C	(Air =1): 3.45	(Butyl Acet	ate = 1): 1.45	N/DA	Slightly soluble

Flash Point	Flammable Limit	Auto-ignition Temperature
(° <b>F</b> /° <b>C</b> )	(vol%)	(vol%)
Tag Closed Cup: 68°F/20°C	LEL: 2.0%	790°F/421°C
	UEL: 12.5%	

## Section X - Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Stable **Hazardous Decomposition Products:** 

Oxides of carbon when burned.

**Conditions to Avoid:** 

Temperatures above 40°C, oxidizing or reducing agents, peroxides and amines, storage in absence of inhibitor, and inadvertent addition of catalyst. Avoid aging and contamination.

#### Section XI - Toxicological Information

Acute Oral Toxicity	Acute Dermal To:	xicity	Acute Inhalation Toxicity	Irritation - skin	Irritation - Eye
Oral(Rat) LD50: 7872 mg/kg	Dermal (Rabbit) LD5	50: 9400mg/kg	Inhalation (Rat) LC50 3750ppm	N/DA	N/DA
Sensitization		Mutagenicity	ý	Sub-chronic Toxic	ity
N/DA		N/DA		N/DA	

# N/DA

# Section XII - Ecological Information

#### **Ecotoxicological Information**

Acute Toxicity	Acute Toxicity	Acute Toxicity	Bioconcentration	Toxicity to Sewage Bacteria
to Fish	to Invertebrates	to Algae		

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):

Hazardous Polymerization:

May occur

Reducing and oxidizing agents and UV light.



MSDS#: NKM90803-DDM

# Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D SELF CURE MONOMER Page 4 of 6

96 hour LC50:	N/DA	N/DA	N/DA	N/DA
fathead minnows: 150 ppm				
bluegill sunfish; 232 ppm				

# **Chemical Fate Information**

Biodegradability	N/DA
Chemical Oxygen Demand	N/DA

### Section XIII - Disposable Considerations

Dispose of diking materials and absorbent in compliance with State, Local, and Federal regulations. Residual vapors may explode on ignition; do not cut, drill, or weld on or near the container. Mix with compatible chemical which is less flammable and incinerate.

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

## Section XIV - Transport Information

DOT (49 CFR 172)	
Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (methyl methacrylate, ethylene glycol dimethacrylate), 3, UN1993, PGII
Identification Number:	UN1993
Marine Pollutant:	No
Special Provisions:	T8, T31
Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG) #:	128
IATA (DGR):	
Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (methyl methacrylate, ethylene glycol dimethacrylate), 3, UN1993, PGII
Class or Division:	3
UN or ID Number:	UN1993
Packaging Instructions:	
Emergency Response Guidance (ICAO)#:	3L
IMO (IMDG):	
Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (methyl methacrylate, ethylene glycol dimethacrylate), 3, UN1993, PGII
Class or Division:	3.2
UN or ID Number:	UN1993
Special Provisions & Stowage/Segregation:	None
Emergency Schedule (EmS)#:	
Other Information:	Flash point = 20°C

### Section XV - Regulatory Information

#### **US Federal Regulations**

Clean Air Act: HAP/ODS	<ul> <li>This product contains the following hazardous air pollutants (HAP) as defined by the U.S.</li> <li>Clean Air Act: <ul> <li>Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6</li> </ul> </li> <li>This product contains no Class 1 or Class 2 ODS (Ozone Depleting Substance).</li> </ul>
Clean Water Act: Priority Pollutant/Hazardous Substance	<ul> <li>This product contains the following Hazardous Substances as defined by the CWA:</li> <li>Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6</li> <li>This product does not contain any substances that are a Priority Pollutant or Toxic Pollutant under the CWA.</li> </ul>



# Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D SELF CURE MONOMER Page 5 of 6

FDA: Food Packaging Status	This product has not been cleared by the FDA for use in food packaging and/or other applications as an indirect food additive.
Occupational Safety and Health Act	<ul> <li>This product is considered to be a hazardous chemical under the OSHA Hazard Communication</li> <li>Standard. Its hazards are: <ul> <li>Immediate (acute) health hazard</li> <li>Fire hazard</li> <li>Reactive hazard</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
RCRA	<ul> <li>This product contains chemicals considered to be hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261):</li> <li>Methyl methacrylate CAS# 80-62-6, RCRA Code U162</li> <li>Characteristic of Ignitablility: RCRA Code: D001</li> </ul>
SARA Title III: Section 302 (TPQ)	This product contains no chemicals regulated under Sec. 302 as extremely hazardous substances that carry a TPQ.
SARA Title III: Section 302 (RQ)	<ul> <li>This product contains chemicals regulated under Section 302 as extremely hazardous chemicals for emergency release notification ("CERCLA" List):</li> <li>Methyl methacrylate CAS# 80-62-6, RQ(Lbs): 1000</li> </ul>
SARA Title III: Section 311- 312:	<ul> <li>This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and is regulated under Section 311-312 (40 CFR 370). Its hazards are:</li> <li>Immediate (acute) health</li> <li>Fire hazard</li> <li>Delayed (chronic) health</li> <li>Reactive hazard</li> </ul>
SARA Title III: Section 313:	<ul> <li>This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:</li> <li>Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6</li> </ul>
TSCA Section 8(b): Inventory:	This product contains chemicals that are on the TSCA list.

### **State Regulations**

CA Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5 California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.
MA Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5
NJ Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5
PA Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5
FL Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5
MN Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5

#### **International Regulations**

CDSL: Canadian Inventory (on Canadian Transitional List)	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6 is on the DSL List. WHMIS = B2, D2B. Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate, CAS# 97-90-5 is on the DSL List. WHMIS = n/da 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5 is on the DSL List. WHMIS = n/da	
EINECS: European Inventory:	Diamond D Self Cure Monomer:	
	<ul> <li>HAZARD SYMBOLS: Xi, F: Irritant, Highly Flammable</li> <li>RISK PHRASES: R11: highly flammable, R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin, R43: May cause sensitization by skin contact</li> <li>SAFETY PHRASES: S9: keep container in a well ventilated place, S16: keep away from sources of ignition- no smoking, S29: do not empty into drains, S33: take precautionary measures against static discharges, S36/37/39: wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection, S45: In case of accident or if</li> </ul>	

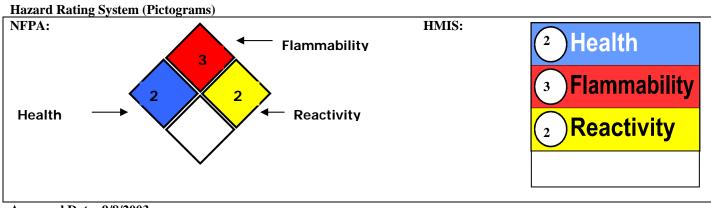


# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

# DIAMOND D SELF CURE MONOMER Page 6 of 6

you feel unwell, seek medical advise immediately (show the label where possible)

### Section XVI - Other Information



Approval Date: 9/8/2003 Supersedes Date: Initial Issue Review Date: 2/15/06 no changes made

Product Number -	
Revised Sections since Last Version:	Initial Issue
	1/25/10 reviewed. No changes made

The information presented herein was obtained from sources considered to be reliable. However, this information is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or suitability for consumers intended use and/or application. For this and other reasons, we assume no responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product. This MSDS was prepared expressly for this product. Use the materials only as directed. If the product is used as a component of another product, the information contained within the MSDS may not be applicable. If one could have any concerns with or problems understanding this MSDS form, please direct all questions to INFOTRAC, Chemical Emergency Resources System at 1(800) 535-5053.