



# Permite; Lojic +; GS-80; GS-80 Spherical; F400; New Ultrafine; SDI Admix; SDI Spherical; SDI Alloy, and Ultratabs- Alloy powder and Tablets

SDI Limited

Version No: 6.1.1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

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Initial Date: Not Available

L.GHS.USA.EN

## SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

### Product Identifier

Product name	Permite; Lojic +; GS-80; GS-80 Spherical; F400; New Ultrafine; SDI Admix; SDI Spherical; SDI Alloy, and Ultratabs- Alloy powder and Tablets
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	For filling of cavitated teeth by dental professionals.
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### Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	SDI Limited	SDI Brazil Indústria E Comercio Ltda	SDI Germany GmbH
Address	3-15 Brunson Street VIC Bayswater 3153 Australia	Rua Dr. Virgilio de Carvalho Pinto, 612 São Paulo CEP 05415-020 Brazil	Hansestrasse 85 Cologne D-51149 Germany
Telephone	+61 3 8727 7111 (Business Hours)	+55 11 3092 7100	+49 0 2203 9255 0
Fax	+61 3 8727 7222	+55 11 3092 7101	+49 0 2203 9255 200
Website	www.sdi.com.au	www.sdi.com.au	www.sdi.com.au
Email	info@sdi.com.au	brasil@sdi.com.au	germany@sdi.com.au

Registered company name	SDI (North America) Inc.
Address	1279 Hamilton Parkway IL Itasca 60143 United States
Telephone	+1 630 361 9200 (Business hours)
Fax	Not Available
Website	Not Available
Email	USA.Canada@sdi.com.au

### Emergency phone number

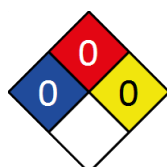
Association / Organisation	SDI Limited	Not Available	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 8727 7111	Not Available	Not Available
Other emergency telephone numbers	ray.cahill@sdi.com.au	Not Available	Not Available

Association / Organisation	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 8727 7111
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

## SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

### Classification of the substance or mixture

NFPA 704 diamond



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Classification	Not Applicable
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**Label elements**

<b>GHS label elements</b>	Not Applicable
<b>SIGNAL WORD</b>	<b>NOT APPLICABLE</b>

**Hazard statement(s)**

Not Applicable

**Hazard(s) not otherwise specified**

Not Applicable

**Precautionary statement(s) Prevention**

Not Applicable

**Precautionary statement(s) Response**

Not Applicable

**Precautionary statement(s) Storage**

Not Applicable

**Precautionary statement(s) Disposal**

Not Applicable

**SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS****Substances**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

**Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
		tablets and alloy powder contains
7440-22-4	40-70	<u>silver</u>
7440-31-5	20-30	<u>tin</u>
7440-50-8	5-30	<u>copper</u>
7440-74-6	0-0.5	<u>indium</u>
7440-66-6	0-0.5	<u>zinc</u>

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

**SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES****Description of first aid measures**

<b>Eye Contact</b>	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>▶ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>▶ Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>
<b>Skin Contact</b>	If skin or hair contact occurs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>
<b>Inhalation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ If dust is inhaled, remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>▶ Encourage patient to blow nose to ensure clear breathing passages.</li> <li>▶ Ask patient to rinse mouth with water but to not drink water.</li> <li>▶ Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
<b>Ingestion</b>	Seek medical attention. Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

See Section 11

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treat symptomatically.

**SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES****Extinguishing media**

- ▶ Water spray or fog.
- ▶ Foam.
- ▶ Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- ▶ Carbon dioxide.

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**Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture**

<b>Fire Incompatibility</b>	None known.
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**Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters**

<b>Fire Fighting</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>▶ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.</li> <li>▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>▶ Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.</li> <li>▶ <b>DO NOT</b> approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>▶ Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>▶ If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> <li>▶ Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.</li> </ul>
<b>Fire/Explosion Hazard</b>	<p>May emit poisonous fumes.</p> <p>Articles and manufactured articles may constitute a fire hazard where polymers form their outer layers or where combustible packaging remains in place. Certain substances, found throughout their construction, may degrade or become volatile when heated to high temperatures. This may create a secondary hazard.</p>

**SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

<b>Minor Spills</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>▶ Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>▶ Wear protective clothing, gloves, safety glasses and dust respirator.</li> <li>▶ Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.</li> <li>▶ Sweep up, shovel up or</li> <li>▶ Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use).</li> <li>▶ Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealable, labelled container.</li> </ul>
<b>Major Spills</b>	<p>Minor hazard.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Clear area of personnel.</li> <li>▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.</li> <li>▶ Prevent spillage from entering drains or water ways.</li> <li>▶ Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.</li> <li>▶ Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.</li> <li>▶ Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite and place in appropriate containers for disposal.</li> <li>▶ Wash area and prevent runoff into drains or waterways.</li> <li>▶ If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.</li> </ul>

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

**SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE****Precautions for safe handling**

<b>Safe handling</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.</li> <li>▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>▶ Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>▶ Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.</li> <li>▶ <b>DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.</b></li> <li>▶ <b>DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensils.</b></li> <li>▶ Avoid contact with incompatible materials.</li> <li>▶ <b>When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</b></li> <li>▶ Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.</li> <li>▶ Avoid physical damage to containers.</li> <li>▶ Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.</li> <li>▶ Work clothes should be laundered separately. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.</li> <li>▶ Use good occupational work practice.</li> <li>▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.</li> <li>▶ Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.</li> </ul>
<b>Other information</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Store away from incompatible materials.</li> </ul> <p>Store in a dry and well ventilated-area, away from heat and sunlight.</p>

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

<b>Suitable container</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ <b>DO NOT repack.</b> Use containers supplied by manufacturer only.</li> </ul> <p>Store below 25 deg. C.</p>
<b>Storage incompatibility</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Avoid strong acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides and chloroformates.</li> </ul>

**SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION****Control parameters****OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)****INGREDIENT DATA**

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
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**Permite; Lojic +; GS-80; GS-80 Spherical; F400; New Ultrafine; SDI Admix; SDI Spherical; SDI Alloy, and Ultratabs- Alloy powder and Tablets**

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	silver	Silver, metal and soluble compounds	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	(as Ag)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	silver	Selenium compounds	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	(as Se)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z3	silver	Inert or Nuisance Dust	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 15 mppcf / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Respirable fraction; All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by this limit, which is the same as the Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) limit in Table Z-1. / Total dust; All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by this limit, which is the same as the Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) limit in Table Z-1.
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	silver	Silver, and compounds - Metal, dust and fume	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Argyria
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	silver	Silver, and compounds - Soluble compounds, as Ag	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Argyria
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	silver	Selenium and compounds, as Se	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	silver	Silver metal: Argentum	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	tin	Tin, organic compounds	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	(as Sn)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	tin	Tin, inorganic compounds	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	(as Sn);(except oxides)
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	tin	Silver, and compounds - Metal, dust and fume	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Argyria
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	tin	Metallic tin, Tin flake, Tin metal, Tin powder	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	[*Note: The REL also applies to other inorganic tin compounds (as Sn) except tin oxides.]
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	copper	Selenium compounds	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	(as Se)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	copper	Copper - Fume / Copper	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	(as Cu) / (as Cu);Dusts and mists
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z3	copper	Inert or Nuisance Dust	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 15 mppcf / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Respirable fraction; All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by this limit, which is the same as the Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) limit in Table Z-1. / Total dust; All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by this limit, which is the same as the Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) limit in Table Z-1.
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	copper	Copper - Fume, as Cu / Copper - Dusts and mists, as Cu	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Irr; GI; metal fume fever; BEI
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	copper	Copper metal dusts, Copper metal fumes	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	[*Note: The REL also applies to other copper compounds (as Cu) except Copper fume.]
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z3	indium	Inert or Nuisance Dust	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 15 mppcf / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Respirable fraction; All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by this limit, which is the same as the Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) limit in Table Z-1. / Total dust; All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by this limit, which is the same as the Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) limit in Table Z-1.
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	indium	Indium and compounds, as In	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Pulm edema; pneumonitis; dental erosion; malaise
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	indium	Indium metal	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	Not Available	[*Note: The REL also applies to other indium compounds (as In).]
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z3	zinc	Inert or Nuisance Dust	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 15 mppcf / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Respirable fraction; All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by this limit, which is the same as the Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) limit in Table Z-1. / Total dust; All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by this limit, which is the same as the Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) limit in Table Z-1.

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US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	zinc	Synonyms vary depending upon the specific aluminum compound.	5 mg/m3 / 2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
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**EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
silver	Silver	0.1 mg/m3	0.1 mg/m3	11 mg/m3
tin	Tin	6 mg/m3	67 mg/m3	400 mg/m3
copper	Copper	1 mg/m3	1 mg/m3	45 mg/m3
indium	Indium	0.1 mg/m3	0.1 mg/m3	0.45 mg/m3
zinc	Zinc	1.9 mg/m3	21 mg/m3	120 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
silver	N.E. mg/m3 / Unknown mg/m3 / N.E. ppm / Unknown ppm	10 mg/m3 / 1 mg/m3
tin	Unknown mg/m3 / 400 mg/m3 / Unknown ppm	25 mg/m3 / 100 mg/m3
copper	N.E. mg/m3 / N.E. ppm	100 mg/m3
indium	Not Available	Not Available
zinc	Not Available	Not Available

**MATERIAL DATA****Exposure controls**

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Articles or manufactured items, in their original condition, generally don't require engineering controls during handling or in normal use. Exceptions may arise following extensive use and subsequent wear, during recycling or disposal operations where substances, found in the article, may be released to the environment.
<b>Personal protection</b>	
<b>Eye and face protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Safety glasses with side shields</li> <li>▶ Chemical goggles.</li> <li>▶ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]</li> </ul>
<b>Skin protection</b>	See Hand protection below
<b>Hands/feet protection</b>	Wear impervious gloves.
<b>Body protection</b>	See Other protection below
<b>Other protection</b>	<p>No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.</p> <p><b>OTHERWISE:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Overalls.</li> <li>▶ Barrier cream.</li> <li>▶ Eyewash unit.</li> </ul>
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Not Available

**SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES****Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Appearance</b>	Bluish-grey silver alloy powder and silver-grey compressed silver alloy powder (tablets) with no odour, insoluble in water.		
<b>Physical state</b>	Manufactured	<b>Relative density (Water = 1)</b>	Not Available
<b>Odour</b>	Not Available	<b>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water</b>	Not Available
<b>Odour threshold</b>	Not Available	<b>Auto-ignition temperature (°C)</b>	Not Applicable
<b>pH (as supplied)</b>	Not Applicable	<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Melting point / freezing point (°C)</b>	Undetermined (>500)	<b>Viscosity (cSt)</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)</b>	Undetermined (>900)	<b>Molecular weight (g/mol)</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Flash point (°C)</b>	Not Applicable	<b>Taste</b>	Not Available
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not Applicable	<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not Available
<b>Flammability</b>	Not Applicable	<b>Oxidising properties</b>	Not Available

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Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Applicable
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Applicable	VOC g/L	Not Available

### SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

### SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce either adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following inhalation (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, adverse systemic effects have been produced following exposure of animals by at least one other route and good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting. Irritation and skin reactions are possible with sensitive skin Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.
Eye	Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.

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	Not Available	Not Available
silver	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available
tin	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available
	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	
copper	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Nil Reported
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 0.733 mg/l4 h <sup>[1]</sup>	
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 1.03 mg/l4 h <sup>[1]</sup>	
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 1.67 mg/l4 h <sup>[1]</sup>	
indium	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
zinc	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 1130 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Not Available
	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. * Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances	

**Permite; Lojic +; GS-80; GS-80 Spherical; F400; New Ultrafine; SDI Admix; SDI Spherical; SDI Alloy, and Ultratabs- Alloy powder and Tablets**

<b>COPPER</b>	<p>for copper and its compounds (typically copper chloride):</p> <p><b>Acute toxicity:</b> There are no reliable acute oral toxicity results available. In an acute dermal toxicity study (OECD TG 402), one group of 5 male rats and 5 groups of 5 female rats received doses of 1000, 1500 and 2000 mg/kg bw via dermal application for 24 hours. The LD50 values of copper monochloride were 2,000 mg/kg bw or greater for male (no deaths observed) and 1,224 mg/kg bw for female. Four females died at both 1500 and 2000 mg/kg bw, and one at 1,000 mg/kg bw. Symptom of the hardness of skin, an exudation of hardness site, the formation of scar and reddish changes were observed on application sites in all treated animals. Skin inflammation and injury were also noted. In addition, a reddish or black urine was observed in females at 2,000, 1,500 and 1,000 mg/kg bw. Female rats appeared to be more sensitive than male based on mortality and clinical signs.</p> <p>No reliable skin/eye irritation studies were available. The acute dermal study with copper monochloride suggests that it has a potential to cause skin irritation.</p> <p><b>Repeat dose toxicity:</b> In repeated dose toxicity study performed according to OECD TG 422, copper monochloride was given orally (gavage) to Sprague-Dawley rats for 30 days to males and for 39 - 51 days to females at concentrations of 0, 1.3, 5.0, 20, and 80 mg/kg bw/day. The NOAEL value was 5 and 1.3 mg/kg bw/day for male and female rats, respectively. No deaths were observed in male rats. One treatment-related death was observed in female rats in the high dose group. Erythropoietic toxicity (anaemia) was seen in both sexes at the 80 mg/kg bw/day. The frequency of squamous cell hyperplasia of the forestomach was increased in a dose-dependent manner in male and female rats at all treatment groups, and was statistically significant in males at doses of =20 mg/kg bw/day and in females at doses of =5 mg/kg bw/day doses. The observed effects are considered to be local, non-systemic effect on the forestomach which result from oral (gavage) administration of copper monochloride.</p> <p><b>Genotoxicity:</b> An in vitro genotoxicity study with copper monochloride showed negative results in a bacterial reverse mutation test with Salmonella typhimurium strains (TA 98, TA 100, TA 1535, and TA 1537) with and without S9 mix at concentrations of up to 1,000 ug/plate. An in vitro test for chromosome aberration in Chinese hamster lung (CHL) cells showed that copper monochloride induced structural and numerical aberrations at the concentration of 50, 70 and 100 ug/mL without S9 mix. In the presence of the metabolic activation system, significant increases of structural aberrations were observed at 50 and 70 ug/mL and significant increases of numerical aberrations were observed at 70 ug/mL. In an in vivo mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus assay, all animals dosed (15 - 60 mg/kg bw) with copper monochloride exhibited similar PCE/(PCE+NCE) ratios and MNPCE frequencies compared to those of the negative control animals. Therefore copper monochloride is not an in vivo mutagen.</p> <p><b>Carcinogenicity:</b> there was insufficient information to evaluate the carcinogenic activity of copper monochloride.</p> <p>Reproductive and developmental toxicity: In the combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test (OECD TG 422), copper monochloride was given orally (gavage) to Sprague-Dawley rats for 30 days to males and for 39-51 days to females at concentrations of 0, 1.3, 5.0, 20, and 80 mg/kg bw/day. The NOAEL of copper monochloride for fertility toxicity was 80 mg/kg bw/day for the parental animals. No treatment-related effects were observed on the reproductive organs and the fertility parameters assessed. For developmental toxicity the NOAEL was 20 mg/kg bw/day. Three of 120 pups appeared to have icterus at birth; 4 of 120 pups appeared runted at the highest dose tested (80 mg/kg bw/day).</p> <p>WARNING: Inhalation of high concentrations of copper fume may cause "metal fume fever", an acute industrial disease of short duration. Symptoms are tiredness, influenza like respiratory tract irritation with fever.</p>
<b>ZINC</b>	The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic). This form of dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling epidermis. Histologically there may be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer (spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epidermis.
<b>TIN &amp; INDIUM</b>	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

<b>Acute Toxicity</b>	☒	<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	☒
<b>Skin Irritation/Corrosion</b>	☒	<b>Reproductivity</b>	☒
<b>Serious Eye Damage/Irritation</b>	☒	<b>STOT - Single Exposure</b>	☒
<b>Respiratory or Skin sensitisation</b>	☒	<b>STOT - Repeated Exposure</b>	☒
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	☒	<b>Aspiration Hazard</b>	☒

**Legend:** ✘ – Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification  
✔ – Data required to make classification available  
☒ – Data Not Available to make classification

## SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Toxicity

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
silver	BCF	336	Crustacea	0.02mg/L	4
silver	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.00024mg/L	4
silver	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.001628837mg/L	4
silver	LC50	96	Fish	0.0012mg/L	2
silver	NOEC	480	Crustacea	0.00031mg/L	2
tin	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.00018mg/L	5
tin	LC50	96	Fish	>0.0124mg/L	2
tin	NOEC	168	Crustacea	<0.005mg/L	2
tin	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>0.0192mg/L	2
copper	BCF	960	Fish	200mg/L	4
copper	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.013335mg/L	4
copper	NOEC	96	Crustacea	0.0008mg/L	4
copper	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.001mg/L	5
copper	EC50	96	Crustacea	0.001mg/L	5
copper	LC50	96	Fish	0.0028mg/L	2
zinc	BCF	360	Algae or other aquatic plants	9mg/L	4
zinc	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.106mg/L	4
zinc	LC50	96	Fish	0.00272mg/L	4
zinc	EC50	120	Fish	0.00033mg/L	5
zinc	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.04mg/L	5
zinc	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.000084981mg/L	2

Continued...

## Permite; Lojic +; GS-80; GS-80 Spherical; F400; New Ultrafine; SDI Admix; SDI Spherical; SDI Alloy, and Ultratabs- Alloy powder and Tablets

**Legend:**

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

**DO NOT** discharge into sewer or waterways.

**Persistence and degradability**

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

**Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

**Mobility in soil**

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

**SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste treatment methods**

Product / Packaging disposal	
	Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ <b>DO NOT</b> allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.</li> <li>▶ It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.</li> <li>▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.</li> <li>▶ Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.</li> </ul>

**SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION****Labels Required**

Marine Pollutant	
	NO

**Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS**

**Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS**

**Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS**

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code**

Not Applicable

**SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION****Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture****SILVER(7440-22-4) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs	US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants
US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants	US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants
US - California OEHHA/ARB - Acute Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (RELs)	US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
US - California OEHHA/ARB - Chronic Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (CRELs)	US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants
US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants	US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits	US EPA Carcinogens Listing
US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants	US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List
US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants	US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)	US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1
US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)	US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z3
US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants	US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

**TIN(7440-31-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**

US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants	US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants
US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants	US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits	US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants	US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List
US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)	US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants	US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1
US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants	US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

**COPPER(7440-50-8) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**



**Permite; Lojic +; GS-80; GS-80 Spherical; F400; New Ultrafine; SDI Admix; SDI Spherical; SDI Alloy, and Ultratabs- Alloy powder and Tablets**

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs  
 US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US - California OEHHA/ARB - Acute Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (RELS)  
 US - California OEHHA/ARB - Chronic Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (CRELs)  
 US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants  
 US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits  
 US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)  
 US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)  
 US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants  
 US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants  
 US - Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values  
 US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)  
 US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)  
 US EPA Carcinogens Listing  
 US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List  
 US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)  
 US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1  
 US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z3  
 US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

**INDIUM(7440-74-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs  
 US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US - California OEHHA/ARB - Chronic Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (CRELs)  
 US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants  
 US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits  
 US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)  
 US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)  
 US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants  
 US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)  
 US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)  
 US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z3  
 US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

**ZINC(7440-66-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs  
 US - California OEHHA/ARB - Chronic Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (CRELs)  
 US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants  
 US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens  
 US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits  
 US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)  
 US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants  
 US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants

US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants  
 US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)  
 US EPA Carcinogens Listing  
 US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List  
 US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)  
 US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z3  
 US Priority List for the Development of Proposition 65 Safe Harbor Levels - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRLs) for Carcinogens and Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADLs) for Chemicals Causing Reproductive Toxicity  
 US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

**Federal Regulations**

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

**SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES**

Immediate (acute) health hazard	NO
Delayed (chronic) health hazard	NO
Fire hazard	NO
Pressure hazard	NO
Reactivity hazard	NO

**US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)**

Name	Reportable Quantity in Pounds (lb)	Reportable Quantity in kg
Silver	1000	454
Copper	5000	2270
Zinc	1000	454

Name	Reportable Quantity in Ci (TBq)
RADIONUCLIDES \$†	1 (.037)

**State Regulations**

**US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm

**US - CALIFORNIA PREPOSITION 65 - CARCINOGENS & REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (CRT): LISTED SUBSTANCE**

Radionuclides Listed

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (zinc; indium; copper; tin; silver)
China - IECSC	Y

**Permite; Lojic +; GS-80; GS-80 Spherical; F400; New Ultrafine; SDI Admix; SDI Spherical; SDI Alloy, and Ultratabs- Alloy powder and Tablets**

Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	N (zinc; indium; copper; tin; silver)
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Y
USA - TSCA	Y
<b>Legend:</b>	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

## SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by SDI Limited using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

### Definitions and abbreviations

PC – TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average  
 PC – STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit  
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer  
 ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
 STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit  
 TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit,  
 IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations  
 OSF: Odour Safety Factor  
 NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
 LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  
 TLV: Threshold Limit Value  
 LOD: Limit Of Detection  
 OTV: Odour Threshold Value  
 BCF: BioConcentration Factors  
 BEI: Biological Exposure Index

The information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is based on data considered to be accurate, however, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of the data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.

Other information:

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Department issuing SDS: Research and Development

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